

SUPRAMOLECULAR ARCHITECTURES ON BULK INSULATORS BY NON-CONTACT ATOMIC FORCE MICROSCOPY AT ROOM TEMPERATURE: INVESTIGATION DOWN TO THE SINGLE MOLECULE SCALE

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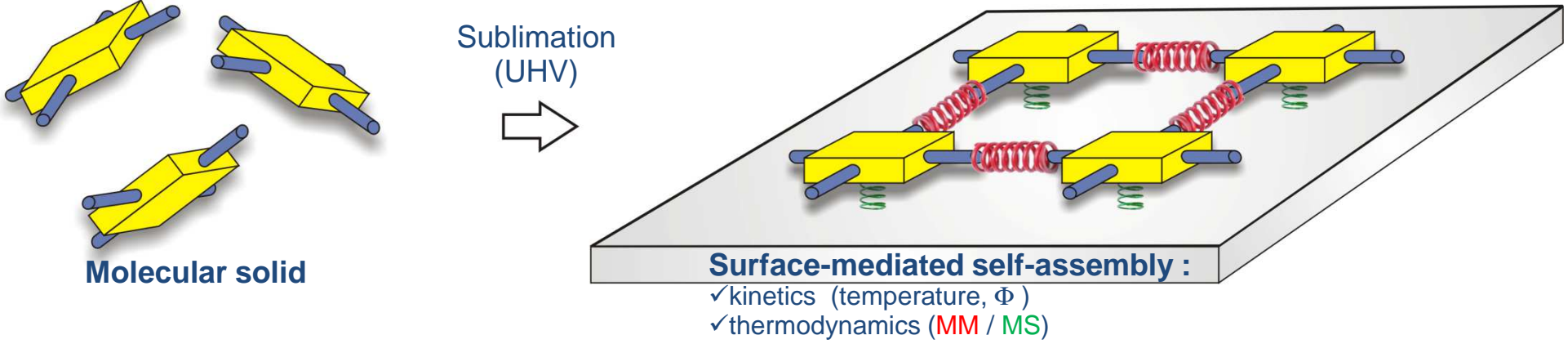


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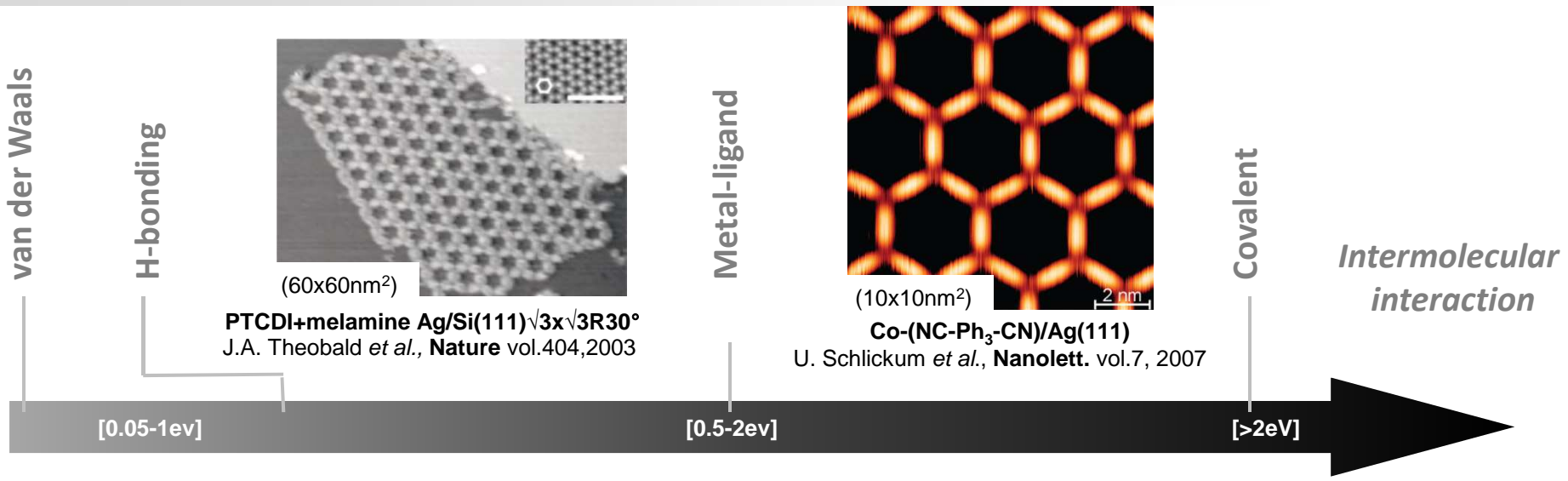


The « Nanostructuration » group at the IM2NP

□ **Building molecular assemblies from supramolecular chemistry concepts**



□ **Current trends...**



The « non-contact AFM » thematic within the group

Relevant heteroepitaxial systems:

- Influence of peripheral groups
- Symetry
- Epitaxy (?)

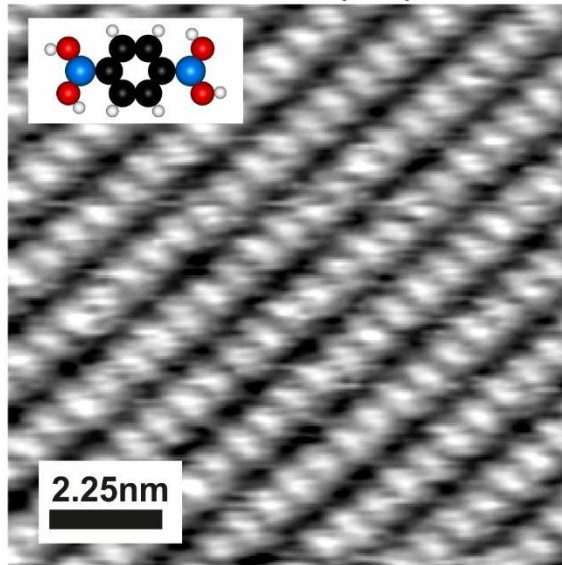
Growth fundamental processes
(MM vs. MS interactions)

**2D self-assembly of
molecular films
on insulating substrates
(alkali halides ionic crystals)**

Optical & electronic properties
in relation to structural properties

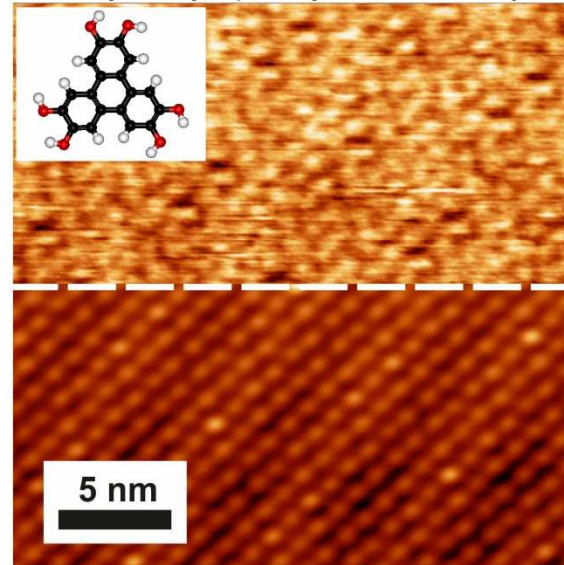
- Insulating substrates:*
- mandatory for an efficient electronic decoupling (intrinsic properties)*
 - appropriate for transport properties*

Diboronic acid on KCl(001)



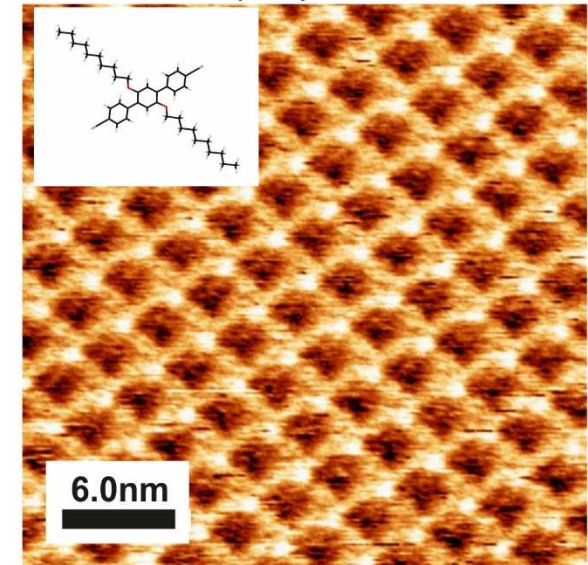
R.Pawlak et al., J.Phys.Chem.C (2010)

Hexahydroxytriphenylene on KCl(001)



F.Bocquet et al., Phys.Rev.Lett. (2012)

"CDB" on KCl(001)



A.Amrous et al., Adv.Mat.Interf. (2014)

The « non-contact AFM » thematic within the group

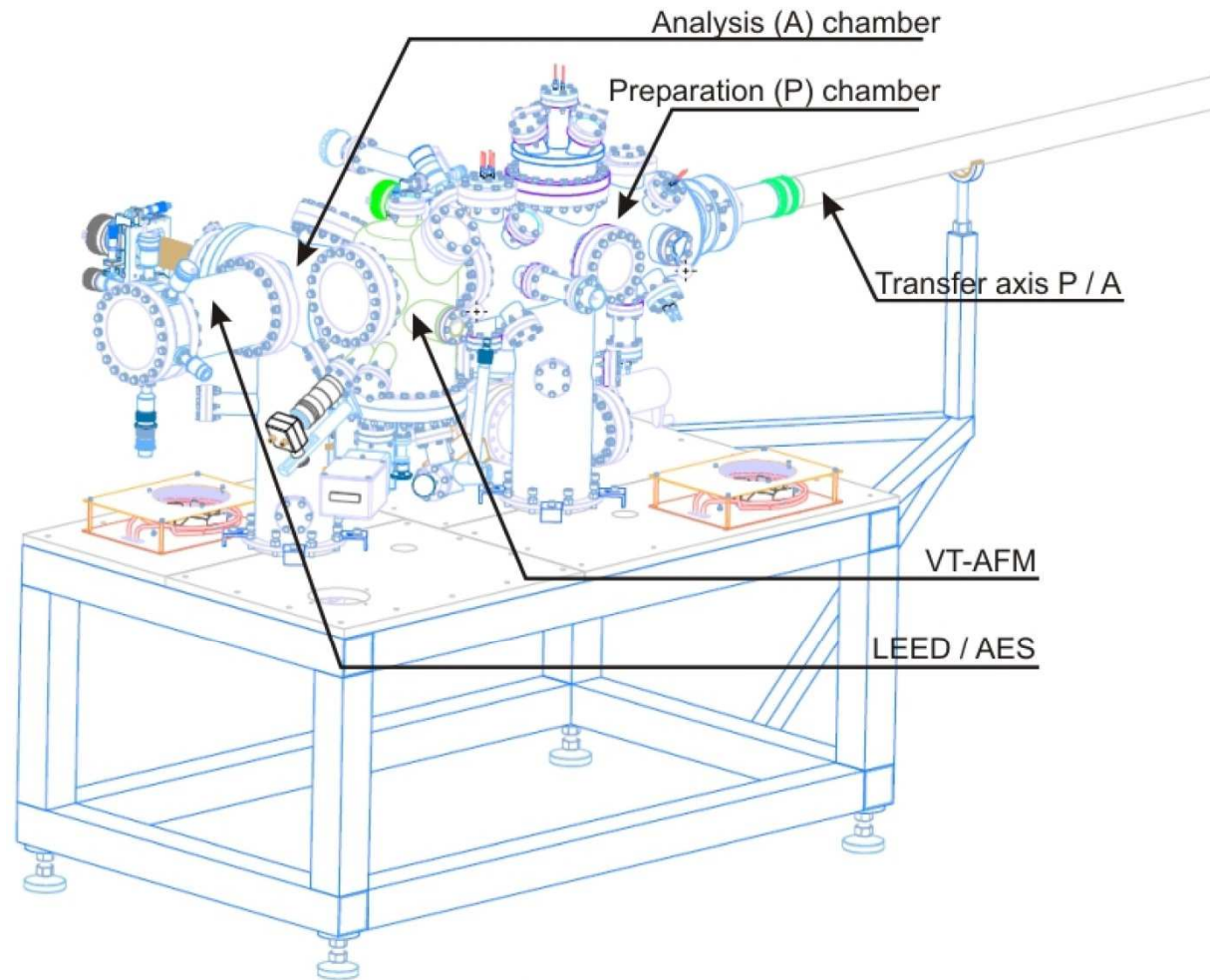
Ch. Loppacher (Pr.), F. Bocquet (MC), L.Nony (MC), F. Para (IE), A. Amrous (PhD)



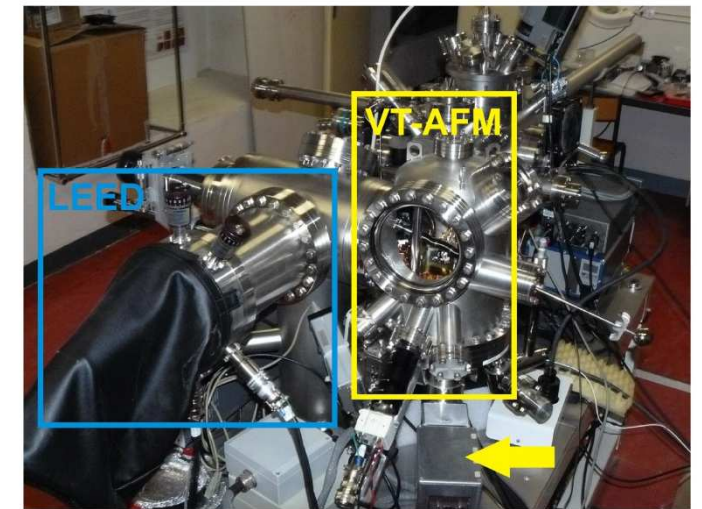
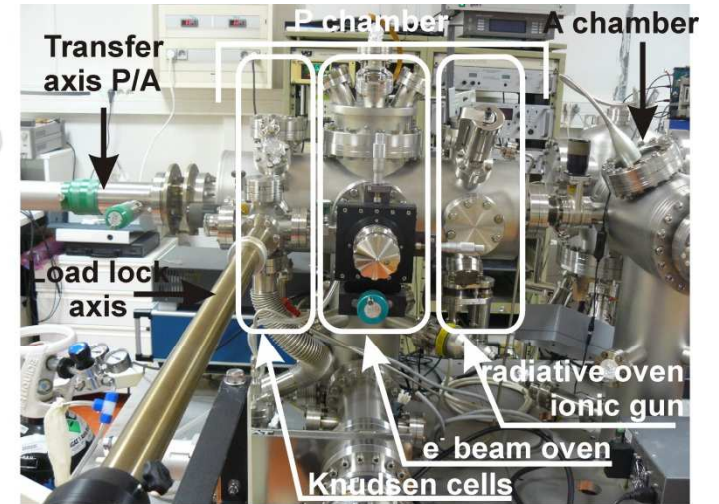
References:

- P.Milde *et al.*, Nanotechnology **19**, 305501 (2008)
- F.Bocquet *et al.*, Phys. Rev. B **78**, 035410 (2008)
- L.Nony *et al.*, Nanotechnology **20**, 264014 (2009)
- L.Nony *et al.*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **103**, 036802 (2009)
- R.Pawlak *et al.*, J.Phys.Chem C **114**, 9290 (2010)
- F.Bocquet *et al.*, Phys. Rev. B **83**, 035401 (2011)
- F.Bocquet *et al.*, Phys.Rev.Lett. **108**, 206103 (2012)
- L.Nony *et al.*, Beilstein J. Nanotechnol. **3**, 301 (2012)
- A.Amrous *et al.*, Adv.Mat.Interf. **1**, 1400414 (2014)
- L.Nony, HDR (2013), downloadable from HAL CNS.

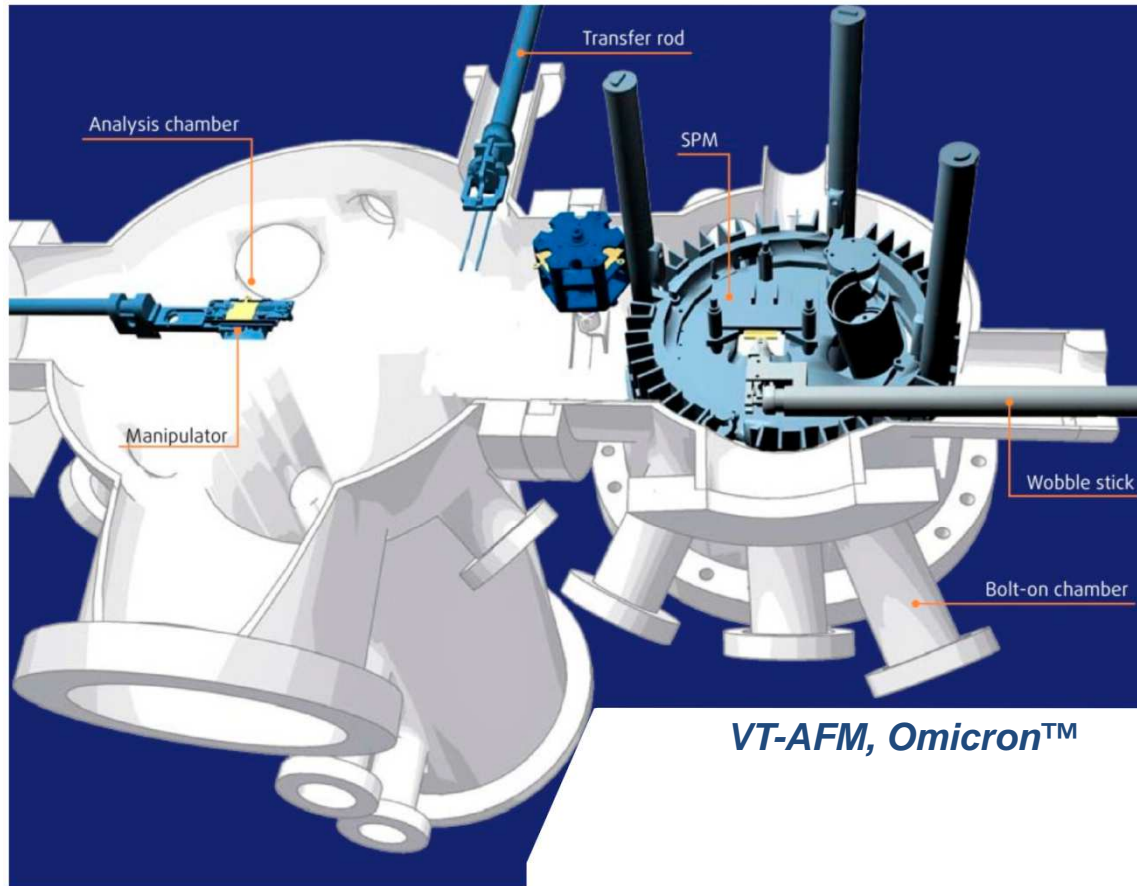
UHV setup (2008)



Base pressure (P/A): $2 \cdot 10^{-10}$ mbar



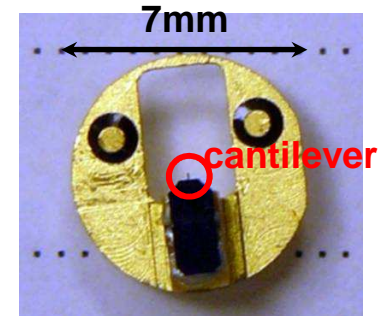
Our AFM microscope



- ✓ **Optimizations:**
 - Wide-band (5 MHz) *in situ* preamp.
 - Temp. regulation to prevent drift
- ✓ **Experiments carried out at room temperature**

Cantilevers:

Nanosensors PPP-NCI: 120°C / 1h



Parameters:

$f_0 = 150 \text{ kHz}$,
 $A_0 = 1\text{-}5 \text{ nm}$
 $Q = 40'000$
 $k = 40 \text{ N/m}$

Molecules:

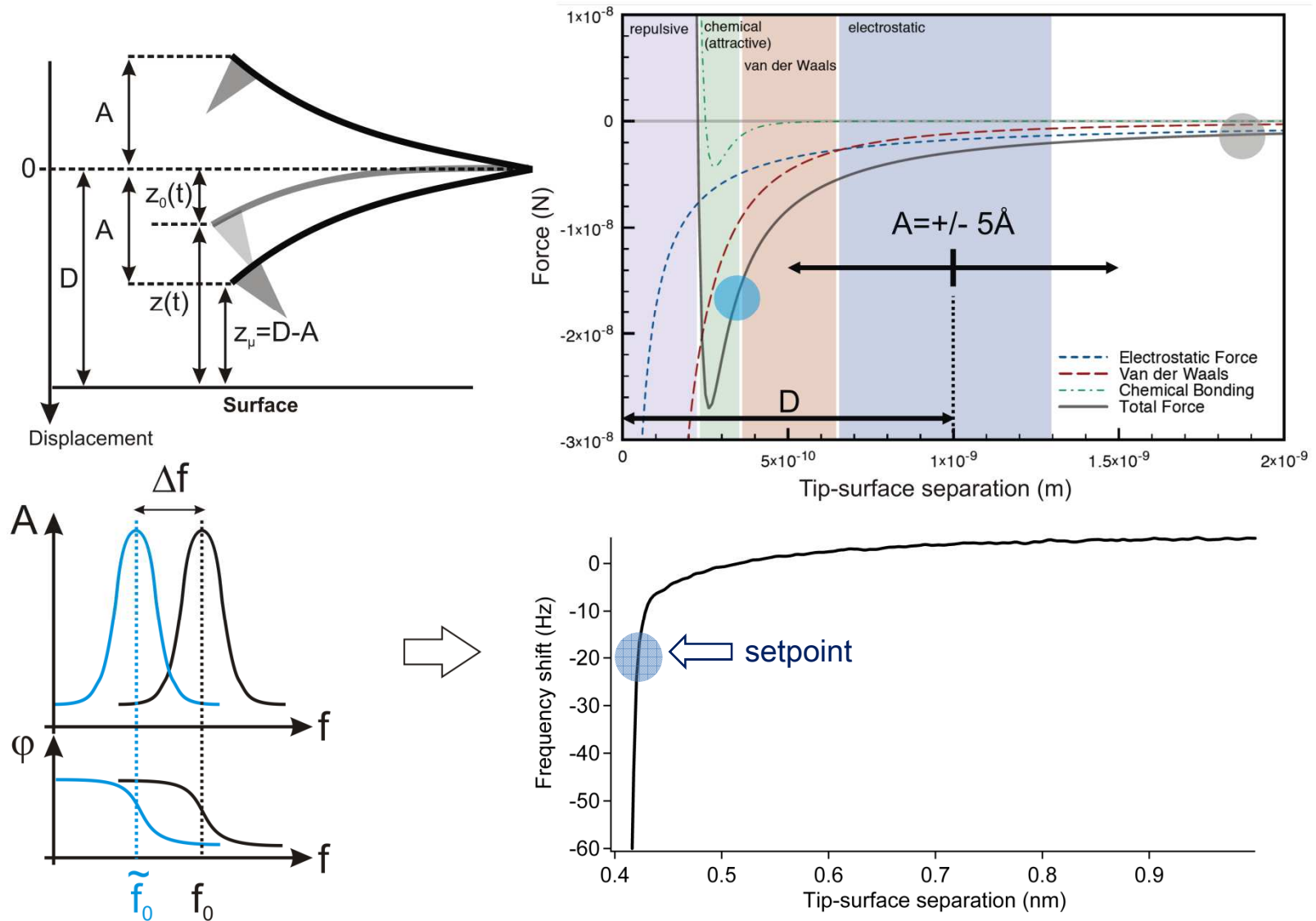
- 0.5-1 ML (taux
 ~ 1ML/min)
 -substrate @ RT

Samples:

- *Ex situ* cleavage
 - Annealing 240°C/ 2h

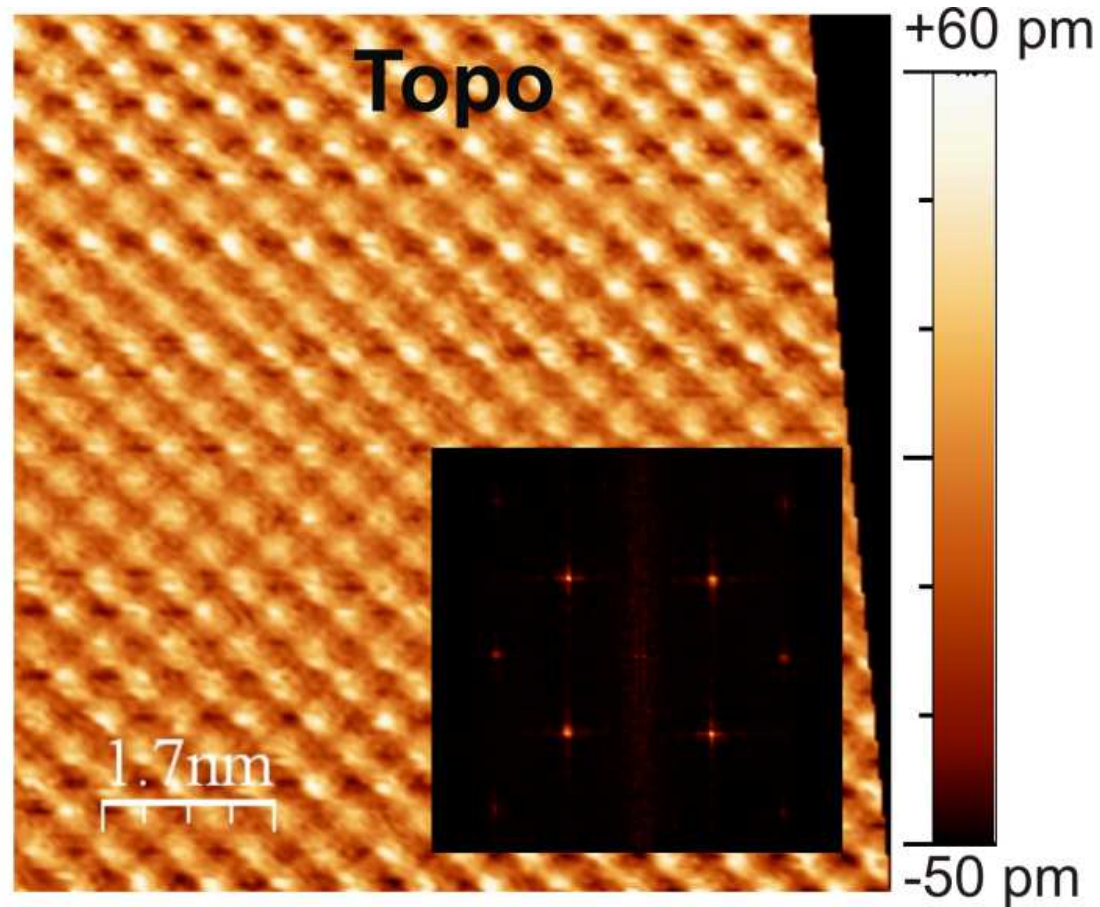


Non-contact Atomic Force Microscopy (nc-AFM)



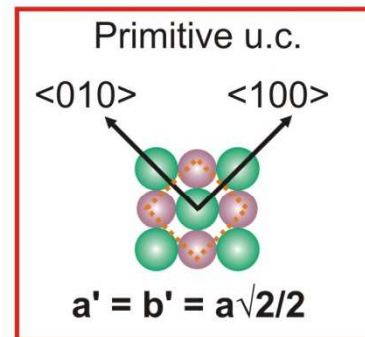
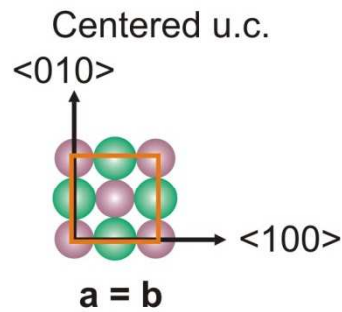
Illustration

- ✓ RbCl(001) (drift-corrected, raw data): $A_0 = 5.6 \text{ nm}$, $\Delta f = -21.5 \text{ Hz}$



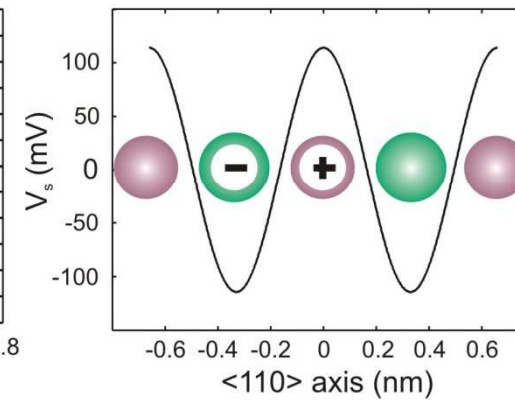
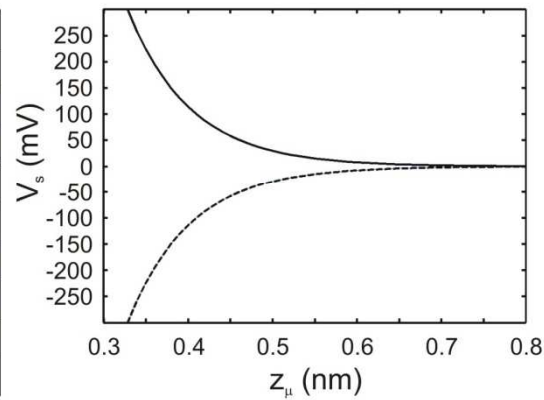
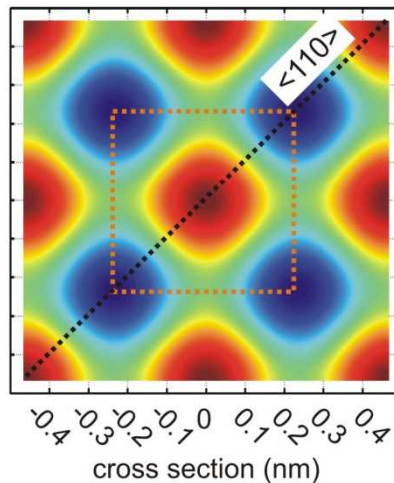
Alkali halides substrates

- ✎ Rock salt structure (fcc)
- ✎ Madelung surface potential¹



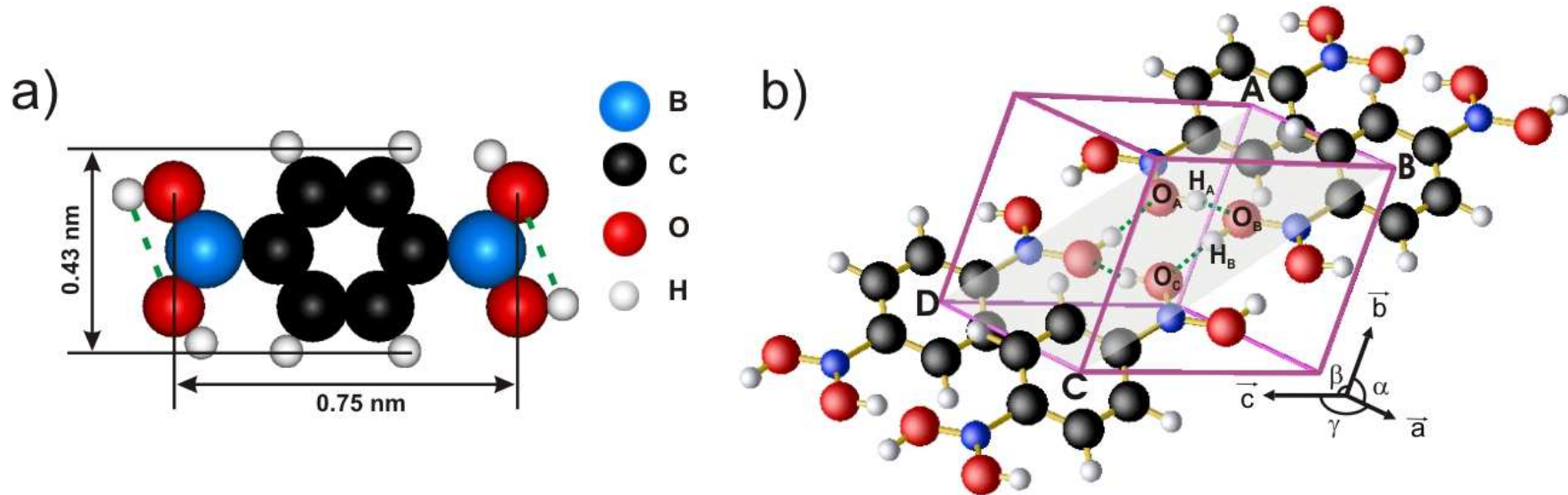
Sample	NaCl(001)	KCl(001)	RbCl(001)
a' (Å)	3.996	4.455	4.653

+11.5% +4.4%



[1] R.E.Watson et al., Phys. Rev. B (1981); F.Bocquet et al., Phys. Rev. B (2008)

1,4-Benzene DiBoronic Acid (BDBA)



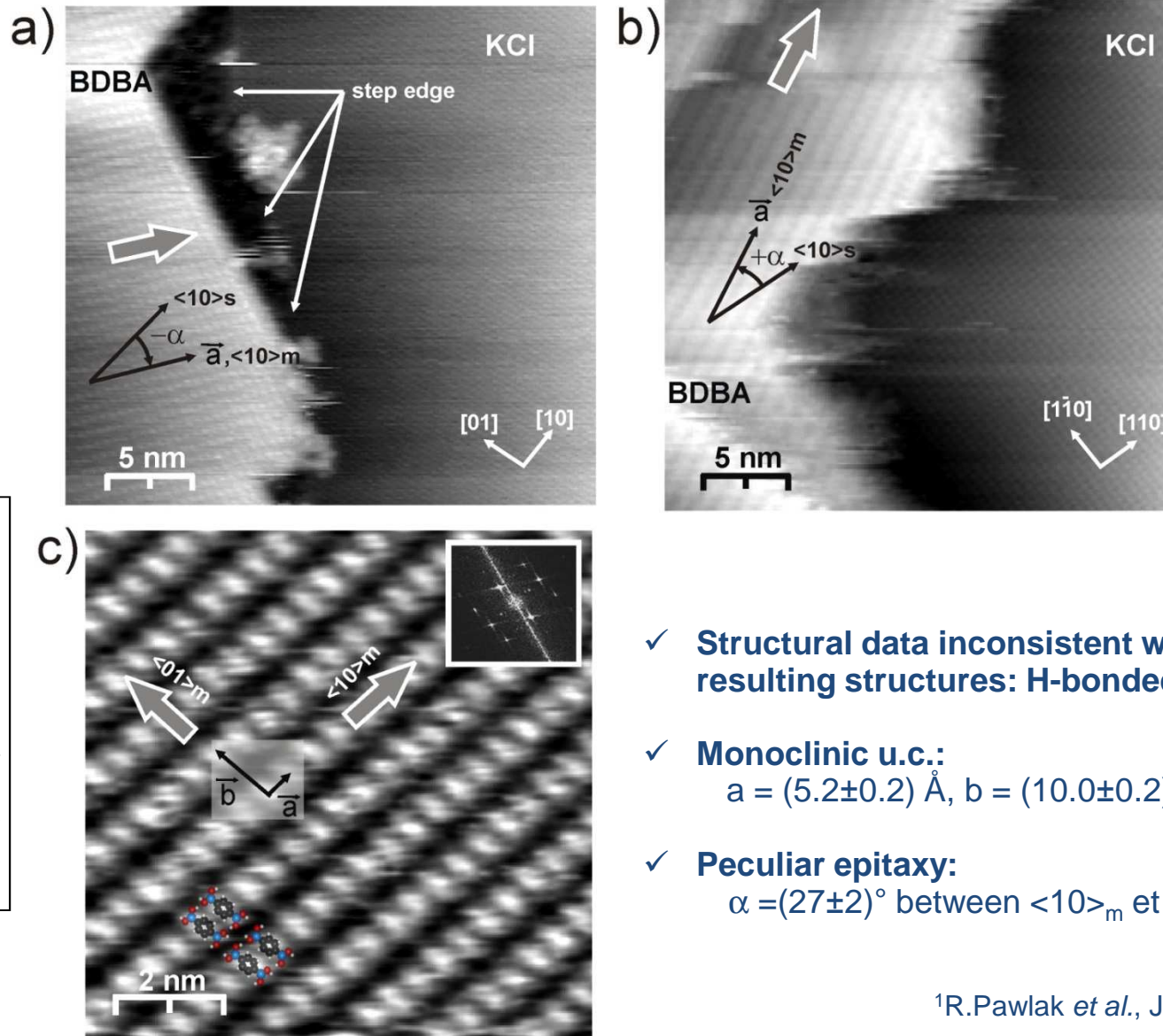
Most stable conformation (DFT)¹

Bulk molecular crystal u.c.:
 $a=4.989 \text{ \AA}$, $b=5.305 \text{ \AA}$, $c=7.368 \text{ \AA}$
 $\alpha=93.797^\circ$, $\beta=104.429^\circ$, $\gamma=97.886^\circ$

- ✓ Molecular crystal = stack of 2D sheets (vdW interactions, similar to graphite)
- ✓ On metallic substrates, the molecule promotes the formation of covalent organic frameworks (COF)

¹R.Pawlak *et al.*, J.Phys.Chem.C **114**, 9290 (2010)

BDBA on KCl(001)¹



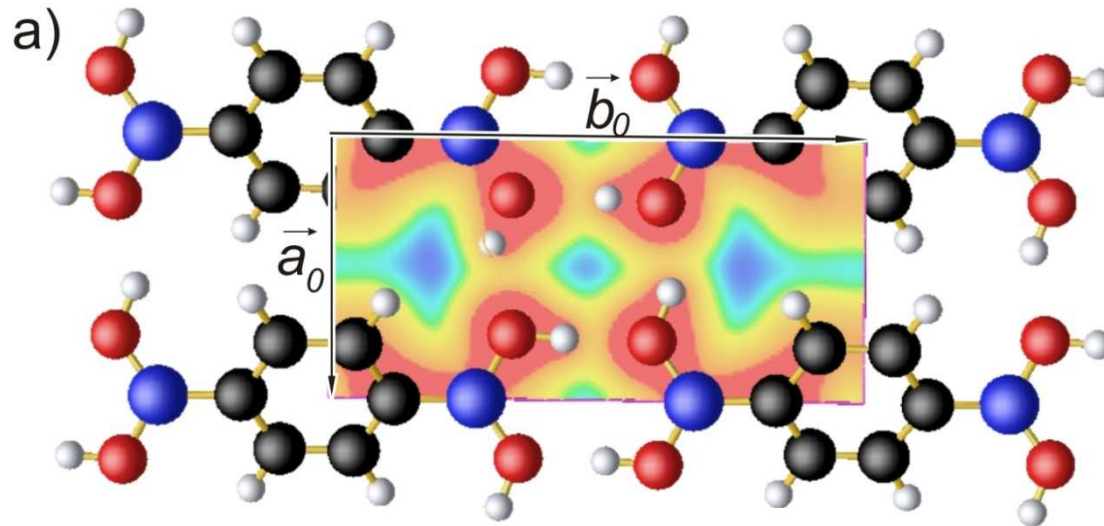
Exp. conditions:
 a & b- $(30 \times 30) \text{ nm}^2$, $\gamma = -0.085 \text{ nN} \cdot \text{nm}$
 c- $(9 \times 9) \text{ nm}^2$, $\gamma = -0.13 \text{ nN} \cdot \text{nm}$

- ✓ Structural data inconsistent with polymerized resulting structures: H-bonded supramolecular phase
- ✓ Monoclinic u.c.:
 $a = (5.2 \pm 0.2) \text{ \AA}$, $b = (10.0 \pm 0.2) \text{ \AA}$
- ✓ Peculiar epitaxy:
 $\alpha = (27 \pm 2)^\circ$ between $\langle 10 \rangle_m$ et $\langle 10 \rangle_s$

¹R.Pawlak *et al.*, J.Phys.Chem.C **114**, 9290 (2010)

BDBA on KCl(001)¹: DFT approach

✓ DFT-calculated free standing film:

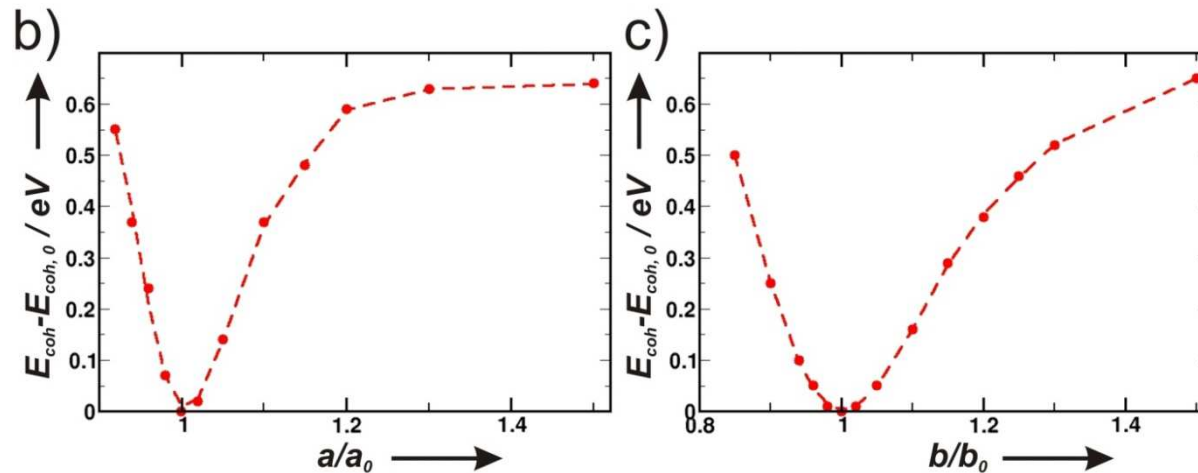


✓ Monoclinic u.c.:
 $a_0=4.998 \text{ \AA}$
 $b_0=10.178 \text{ \AA}$

✓ **Compliant with the exp. data**

✓ H-bonds driven supramolecular phase

✓ Cohesion: 0.95 eV/mol.



✓ Conformational change required to reduce sterical hindrance

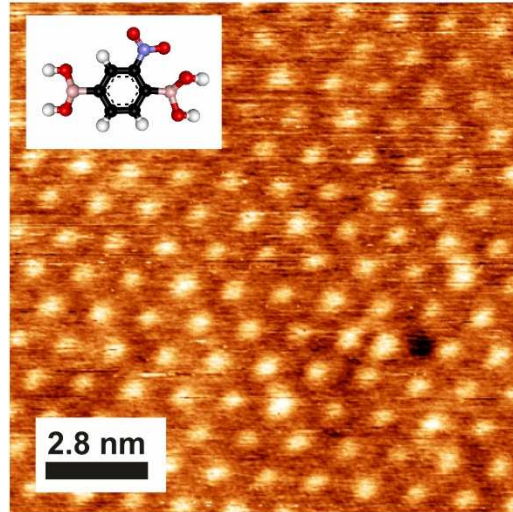
✓ 2D structure nearly similar to a sheet of the molecular crystal

✓ **But: substrate influence (27° angle): trace of a line on line epitaxy which is electrostatically driven**

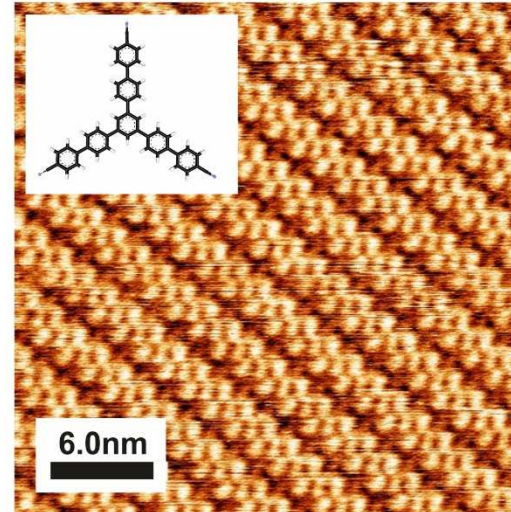
¹R.Pawlak *et al.*, J.Phys.Chem.C **114**, 9290 (2010)

Other examples of extended networks

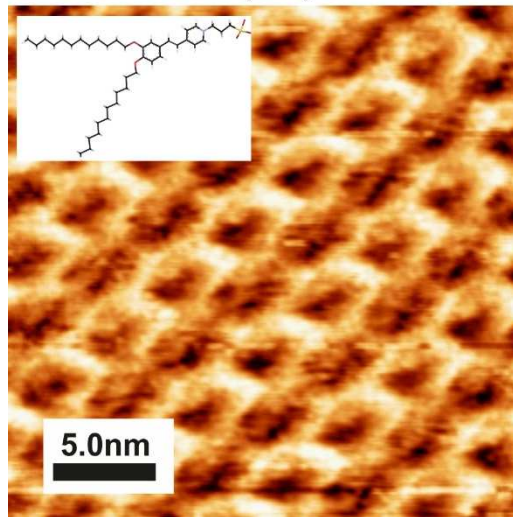
Nitro-diboronic acid on **KCl(001)**



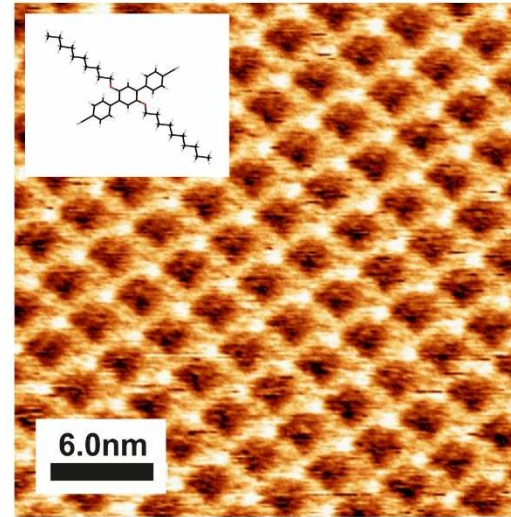
"TCB" on **KCl(001)**



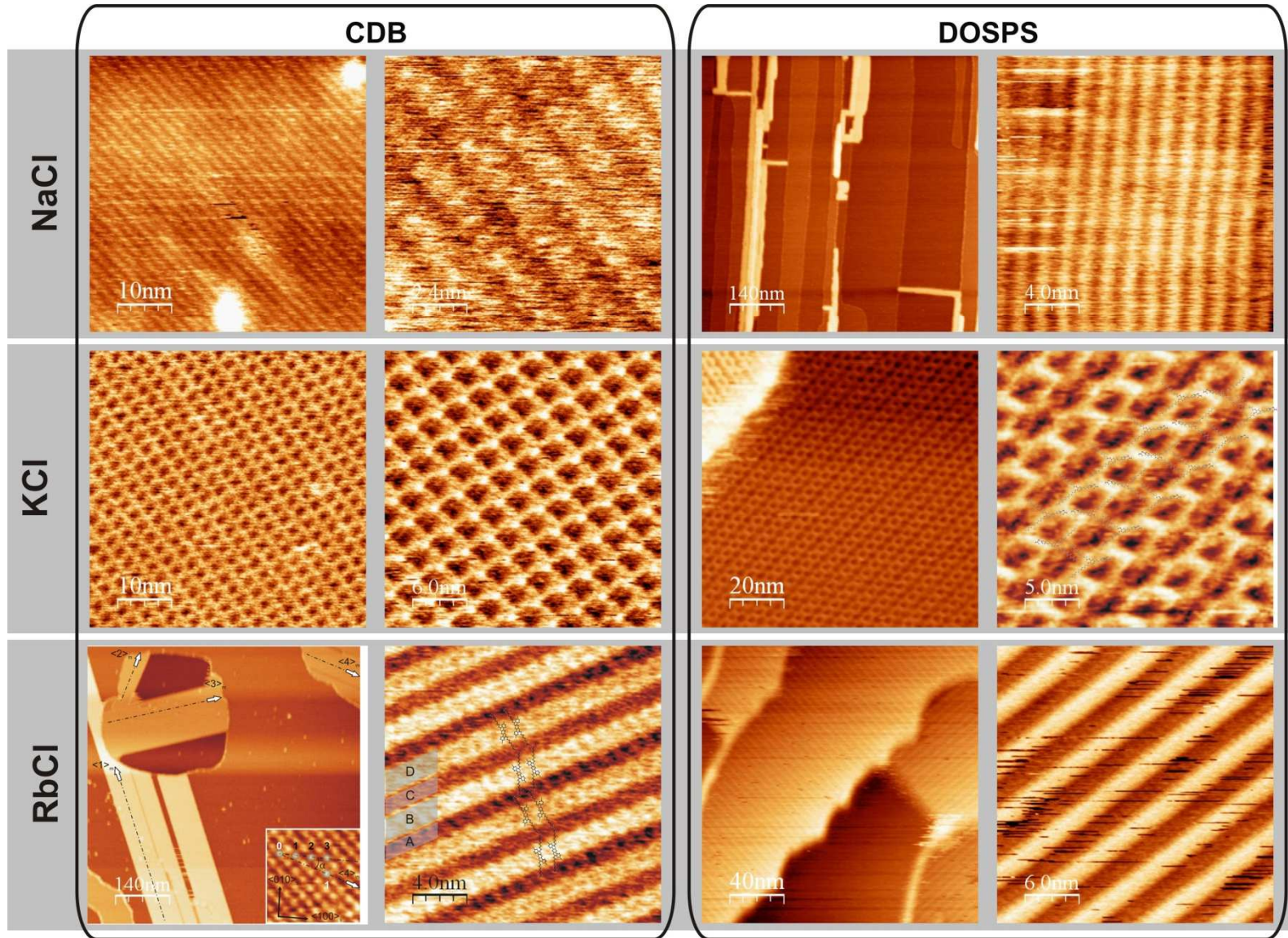
"DOSPS" on **KCl(001)**



"CDB" on **KCl(001)**



Other alkali halides substrates



Conclusions / Outlook

- ✓ **Nc-AFM in UHV: sensitive and non-destructive method for the investigation of organic phases on bulk insulators**
- ✓ **Supramolecular networks on alkali halides:**
 - ❑ *Complex, but original systems:*
 - Polymerization process \neq metals
 - H-bonds driven supramolecular phases
 - Conformational adaptation
 - Peculiar epitaxies
 - ❑ *Fine energy **MM** vs. **MS** balance (~ 350 vs. ~ 250 meV/mol.)*
- ✓ **Connexion between experiments and calculations (DFT, PG)**
- ✓ **Several substrates for a single molecular synthon: site specific interaction**
- ✓ **Outlook:**
 - ***Optical properties:*** Differential Reflectance Spectroscopy (absorption)
 - ***Entropic contribution*** (DFT vs. MD)